

# iNAT-M300/TLE-ULN1

Precise ultra low noise MEMS Based Inertial Navigation System with integrated advanced INS/GNSS/xxx Sensor Data Fusion

The **iNAT-M300/xLE<sup>1</sup>** is a member of the advanced iNAT series (iMAR Navigation and Timing) and one of the smallest powerful MEMS based INS/GNSS inertial navigation, measurement, surveying and control systems on the market for applications on the ground / land / rail, at sea and in the air. It provides all kinematic measurements like acceleration, angular rate, attitude, true heading, velocity and position of the target vehicle in real-time with an data update rate of up to 500 Hz.

- robust, compact, light weight system, ~850 grams
- based on high grade MEMS Gyro, Accel technology and up to multi-frequency / multi-constellation GNSS with optional dual-antenna heading and RTK support; gyros highly resistant against vibration impacts
- integrated GNSS engine, up to RTK all frequ./const. (3 types of engines available: /TLE, /SLE, /RLE)
- **iNAT-M300/TLE-ULN1: ultra low noise version with ARW 0.03  $^{\circ}/\sqrt{hr}$ , **dedicated for stabilization & control tasks****
- odometer / wheel sensor aiding capability
- output of angular rate, acceleration, attitude, true heading, CoG, velocity and position in realtime with up to 500 Hz (adjustable)
- several processing modes: Standard mode with 1 m position accuracy and RTK mode with 0.02 m position accuracy (rms)
- interfaces: UART RS232 & RS422 / CAN / Ethernet / USB for realtime data output and RS232 for DGPS/RTK correction input; odometer / VMS
- up to 128 GByte internal memory (“black-box”)
- several versions with surveying grade GNSS, economic grade GNSS, standard noise as well as low-noise inertial sensors are available
- easy to use, easy to configure; powerful GUI with wizard; drivers for C++, Python and ROS 2 node

Depending on the application and ambient conditions, the integrated sensor data fusion includes INS, GNSS, VMS or any other external sensor providing position and/or velocity, standard deviation and time stamp.

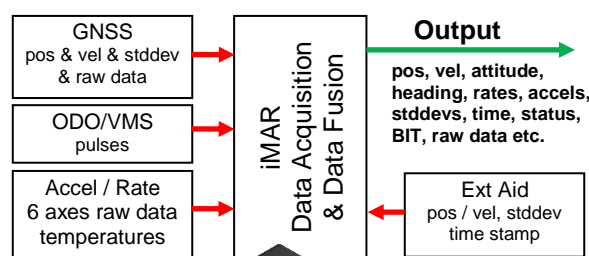
In urban canyons often the number of observable satellites is quite limited and therefore the iNAT-M300/TLE supports an all GNSS constellation data fusion. The 42+ state Kalman filter processing provides a significant better and more robust position and velocity result compared to standard solutions.

For land vehicles additionally an odometer aiding capability is available as an option, the scale factor of the wheel sensor is estimated automatically.

The **[iNAT-M300/TLE](#)** provides system performance and system reliability which is required in general tasks of navigation, guidance and control, mapping, vehicle motion dynamics testing, trajectory surveying and

platform control tasks for cars, trucks, naval vessels, civil and military aircrafts etc.

The **iNAT-M300/RLE** provides the same features, but containing an economic grade GNSS engine with less robust GNSS solution in difficult environment.



The iNAT-M300 is delivered with the MS Windows (or LINUX or MacOS alternatively) based configuration software [iXCOM-CMD](#). This software allows to configure the output interfaces, furthermore all output data can be displayed and stored online on the user's notebook, tablet or process computer. It also allows powerful playback capabilities and provides data export in many formats (csv, xml, GoogleEarth, iPosCAL, InertialExplorer, GrafNav). With [iREF-GNSS](#), iMAR also provides a GNSS reference station to provide RTK corrections for centimeter level accuracy on demand.

A powerful postproc software [iPosCAL-SURV](#) for batch processing is available to allow post-mission processing including a multi station GNSS correction data solution and a direct visualisation of the results in Google Earth™.

iNAT-M300 is a leading solution of its class also for applications in GNSS denied environment.



<sup>1</sup> Meaning of „x“: the iNAT-M300/xLE can be delivered with 3 classes of integrated GNSS engines. Standard device is



## Technical Data iNAT-M300/TLE-ULN1 and iNAT-M300/xLE-ULN1 (rms):

	Rate	Acceleration	Attit./Heading	Position	Velocity	Height
Range <sup>1</sup> :	± 200 °/s	± 10 g	unlimited	unlimited	515 m/s	unlimited
Bias Stability (AV):	< 0.8 °/h	< 0.02 mg			(without export control)	
Bias (filtered <sup>2</sup> ):	3 °/h	< 0.5 mg				
Bias day-to-day <sup>3</sup> :	< 0.1 °/s	< 2 mg				
Angles (Attitude, Hdg.):	0.03° / 0.05° RP/Y (INS / GNSS) 0.04° / 0.06° RP/Y (after 10 s GNSS outage) 0.1 deg heading for 2 m baseline in dual-antenna setup (TLE-DA) <sup>2</sup>					
Position (horizontal plane) <sup>4</sup> :	for <b>iNAT-M300/TLE-ULN1</b> : +/- 0.1 m CEP (INS/GNSS RTK real-time) +/- 0.03 m CEP (INS/GNSS RTK post-proc) +/- 0.45 m CEP (INS/GNSS with SBAS) +/- 1.8 m CEP (INS/GNSS) 0.12 % of DT CEP (with VMS, during GNSS outages) <sup>5</sup>					
Velocity:	0.02 m/s (INS / RTK GNSS)					
ARW/VRW:	<b>0.03 °/√hr</b> <sup>6</sup>	60 µg/√Hz	0.03 °	< 0.01 m	< 0.01 m/s	
Resolution:	< 0.0001 °/s	< 10 µg	0.001 °	< 0.001 m	< 0.001 m/s	
Linearity error:	< 0.05 %	< 0.1 %	< 0.1 %			
Scale factor error:	< 0.2 %	< 0.1 %	< 0.1 %			
Non-orthogonality:	< 0.2 mrad	< 0.2 mrad				
INS / GNSS / ODO proc.:	integrated advanced 42+ state INS/GNSS/+ extended Kalman filter data fusion (GPS, GALILEO, GLONASS, BEIDOU)					
Internal GNSS Engine:	version /TLE-x: high performance all frequencies / all constellation RTK GNSS engine (single & dual antenna available) version /SLE-x: performance up to all frequency / constellation geodetic class RTK GNSS engine (single or dual antenna) version /RLE-x: commercial multi frequencies / multi constellation RTK GNSS engine (single & dual antenna available) up to 500 Hz; PPS timing accuracy better 10 ns; sensor bandwidth > 180 Hz (gyros) / > 160 Hz (accels) 1...500 Hz; all data available in real time, latency < 3 ms, jitter < 1 ms PPS_OUT (RS422 level, latency < 1 µs); 2x EVENT_IN (RS422 or TTL level, latency < 2 ms) DGPS/RTK correction data from base station, if available (RS232); odometer / VMS (A or A/B at RS422 level) as an option RTCM104 rev 3 (can serve as a GNSS reference station); NTP Time Server; integrated Real-Time-Clock (RTC) as option.					
Data Processing Rate:	10...34 V DC, two independent and isolated inputs available; reverse polarity and overvoltage protection;					
Data Output Rate:	approx. 8.5 ...11 W (dep. on options); < 14 W for < 1 sec after power-on					
Synchronisation:	-40...+71 °C (outer case temperature) operating, -40...85 °C storage; 49'000 hrs (AUC, Airborne Uninhabited Cargo, 25 °C)					
Output (options):	10 g / 11 ms (operational), 1'000 g / 0.5 ms (endurance); 10...2'000 Hz 2 g rms (operational), 20 g rms (endurance); 60'000 ft					
Inputs:	designed to meet MIL-STD-810G, MIL-STD-461G, NIL-STD-704F and partially DO160G					
Data Latency:	< 0.005 °/s/g (internally compensated)					
Connectors:	approx. 900 grams, approx. 102 x 65 x 112 mm (W x H x D); IP67 environmental protection					
Integrated Data Storage:	Airborne, Ground (with and without odometer), Sea, Subsea; ZUPT (auto or on demand), open interface to feed in					
Graphical User Interface:	application specific aiding information (position, velocity, attitude, heading, standard deviations, time stamp)					
Power Supply:	- MEMS based INS with integrated GNSS receiver, GNSS antenna, cable set					
Temperature; MTBF:	- ROS-2 node, Python driver, SDK for C++ available for easy integration					
Shock, Vibration, Altitude:	- iXCOM-CMD MS Windows or LINUX or MacOS based GUI / HMI software					
Qualification:	PartNumber:					
g / g <sup>2</sup> dependent gyro drift:	ultra low noise version: iNAT-M300/TLE-ULN1-DA P/N 00193-000D2-0517 (dual-antenna)					
Mass, size; IP:	iNAT-M300/RLE-ULN1-DA P/N 00193-000D2-0417 (dual-antenna)					
Operational Support:	iNAT-M300/SLE-ULN1-DA P/N 00193-000D2-0317 (dual-antenna, incl. L-Band)					
Deliverables:	low noise version: iNAT-M300/TLE-LN1-DA P/N 00193-000C2-0517 (dual-antenna)					
PartNumber:	iNAT-M300/RLE-LN1-DA P/N 00193-000C2-0417 (dual-antenna)					
Features and Options:	iNAT-M300/SLE-LN1-DA P/N 00193-000C2-0317 (dual-antenna, incl. L-Band)					
	Systems also available with single GNSS antenna setup: P/N 00193-*****-0*16 (single-antenna)					
	- <b>standard noise version</b> available: iNAT-M300/TLE-LN1 (range: +/- 450 deg/s, ARW 0.06 deg/sqrt(hr))					
	- dual-antenna GNSS based true heading solution available ( <b>iNAT-M300/xLE-ULN1-DA</b> )					
	allows heading determination even at standstill conditions -> typ. 0.2° at 1 m baseline					
	- odometer (VMS) interface for velocity aiding during longer GNSS outages (position error is then correlated to wheel sensor performance, typically 0.1 % longitudinal error of distance travelled)					
	- interface to iMAR's <a href="#">iDMN</a> Dynamic Mesh Network for Swarm Communication & Control					
	- specific algorithms like HEAVE OUTPUT for marine / naval applications (also customized solutions)					

iMAR Navigation GmbH • Im Reihersbruch 3 • D-66386 St. Ingbert / Germany

Phone: +49-(0)-6894-9657-0 • Fax: +49-(0)-6894-9657-22

[www.imar-navigation.de](http://www.imar-navigation.de) • [sales@imar-navigation.de](mailto:sales@imar-navigation.de)



<sup>1</sup> Option: **iNAT-M300/xLE-HRS** for high range speed tasks: > 515 m/s (requires an export license)

<sup>2</sup> after algorithm converging under motion with GNSS aiding at const. temperature

<sup>3</sup> values without sufficient INS/GNSS data fusion conditions; the bias are estimated / compensated during GNSS aiding under motion automatically (Kalman filter); iNAT-M300-xLE provides 2 deg/hr bias stability over longer duration at const. temperature

<sup>4</sup> GNSS based altitude deviation is about 1.5 times of GNSS based horizontal error

<sup>5</sup> Position error in relation to distance travelled (DT) during short GNSS outages (requires a vehicle motion sensor / wheel sensor), after suffic. GNSS